

Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information

Candidate surname

Other names

Centre Number

Candidate Number

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Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Level

Time 1 hour 30 minutes

Paper
reference

WME03/01

Mathematics

International Advanced Subsidiary/Advanced Level Mechanics M3



You must have:

Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables (Yellow), calculator

Total Marks

**Candidates may use any calculator permitted by Pearson regulations.
Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation,
differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae
stored in them.**

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
– *there may be more space than you need*.
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Whenever a numerical value of g is required, take $g = 9.8 \text{ m s}^{-2}$, and give your answer to either two significant figures or three significant figures.

Information

- A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
- There are 7 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question*.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
- If you change your mind about an answer, cross it out and put your new answer and any working underneath.

Turn over ►

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Q1/1/



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1. A particle P moves in a straight line with simple harmonic motion between two fixed points A and B . The particle performs 2 complete oscillations per second. The midpoint of AB is O and the midpoint of OA is C

The length of AB is 0.6 m.

- (a) Find the maximum speed of P

(4)

- (b) Find the time taken by P to move directly from O to C

(2)



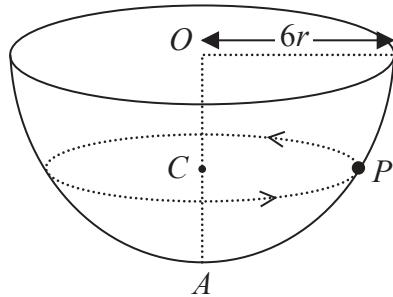
Question 1 continued

(Total for Question 1 is 6 marks)



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2.

**Figure 1**

A hemispherical bowl of internal radius $6r$ is fixed with its circular rim horizontal. The centre of the circular rim is O and the point A on the surface of the bowl is vertically below O . A particle P moves in a horizontal circle, with centre C , on the smooth inner surface of the bowl. The particle moves with constant angular speed $\sqrt{\frac{g}{4r}}$. The point C lies on OA , as shown in Figure 1.

Find, in terms of r , the distance OC

(9)



Question 2 continued



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Question 2 continued

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Question 2 continued

(Total for Question 2 is 9 marks)



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3.

In this question you must show all stages of your working.

Solutions relying entirely on calculator technology are not acceptable.

A particle P is moving along a straight line.

At time t seconds, P is a distance x metres from a fixed point O on the line and is

moving away from O with speed $\frac{50}{2x+3} \text{ m s}^{-1}$

- (a) Find the deceleration of P when $x = 12$

(5)

Given that $x = 4$ when $t = 1$

- (b) find the value of t when $x = 12$

(5)

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Question 3 continued



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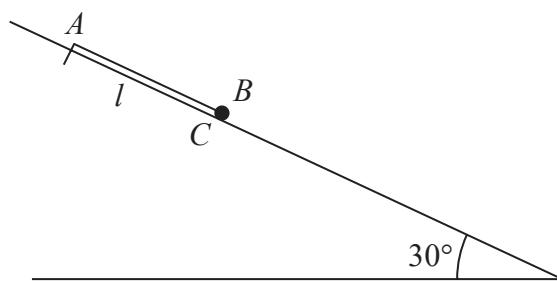
Question 3 continued

(Total for Question 3 is 10 marks)



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4.

**Figure 2**

One end of a light elastic string, of natural length l and modulus of elasticity λ , is fixed to a point A on a smooth plane. The plane is inclined at 30° to the horizontal.

A small ball B of mass m is attached to the other end of the elastic string. Initially, B is held at rest at the point C on the plane with the elastic string lying along a line of greatest slope of the plane.

The point C is below A and $AC = l$, as shown in Figure 2.

The ball is released and comes to instantaneous rest at a point D on the plane.

The points A , C and D all lie along a line of greatest slope of the plane and $AD = \frac{5l}{4}$

The ball is modelled as a particle and air resistance is modelled as being negligible.

Using the model,

(a) show that $\lambda = 4mg$ (4)

(b) find, in terms of g and l , the greatest speed of B as it moves from C to D (7)



Question 4 continued



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Question 4 continued

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Question 4 continued

(Total for Question 4 is 11 marks)



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5. (a) Use algebraic integration to show that the centre of mass of a uniform solid hemisphere of radius r is at a distance $\frac{3}{8}r$ from the centre of its plane face.

[You may assume that the volume of a sphere of radius r is $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$]

(5)

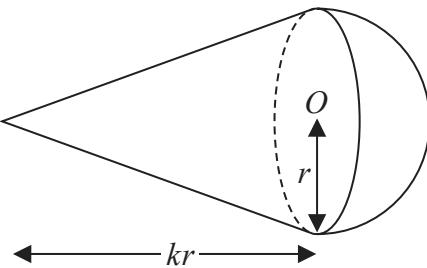


Figure 3

A uniform solid hemisphere of radius r is joined to a uniform solid right circular cone made of the **same material** to form a toy. The cone has base radius r and height kr . The centre of the base of the cone is O . The plane face of the cone coincides with the plane face of the hemisphere, as shown in Figure 3.

The toy can rest in equilibrium on a horizontal plane with any point of the curved surface of the hemisphere in contact with the plane.

- (b) Find the exact value of k

(5)



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Question 5 continued



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Question 5 continued

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Question 5 continued

(Total for Question 5 is 10 marks)



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6.

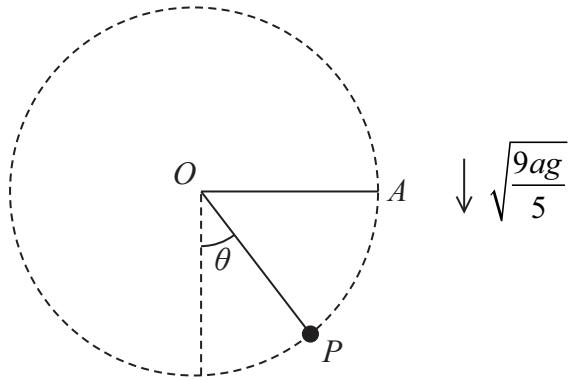


Figure 4

A particle P of mass m is attached to one end of a light inextensible string of length a . The other end of the string is attached to a fixed point O . The particle is held at the point A , where $OA = a$ and OA is horizontal, as shown in Figure 4.

The particle is projected vertically downwards with speed $\sqrt{\frac{9ag}{5}}$

When the string makes an angle θ with the downward vertical through O and the string is still taut, the tension in the string is S .

- (a) Show that $S = \frac{3}{5}mg(5\cos\theta + 3)$ (6)

At the instant when the string becomes slack, the speed of P is v

- (b) Show that $v = \sqrt{\frac{3ag}{5}}$ (3)

- (c) Find the maximum height of P above the horizontal level of O (4)



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Question 6 continued



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Question 6 continued

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Question 6 continued

(Total for Question 6 is 13 marks)

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7.

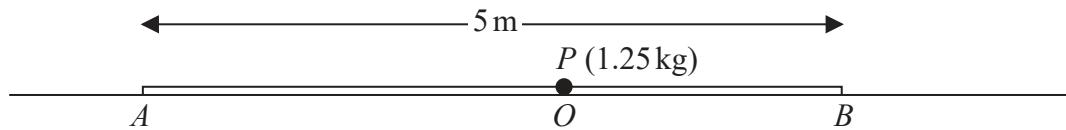
**Figure 5**

Figure 5 shows two fixed points, A and B , which are 5 m apart on a smooth horizontal floor.

A particle P of mass 1.25 kg is attached to one end of a light elastic string, of natural length 2 m and modulus of elasticity 20 N. The other end of the string is attached to A

A second light elastic string, of natural length 1.2 m and modulus of elasticity λ newtons, has one end attached to P and the other end attached to B

Initially P rests in equilibrium at the point O , where $AO = 3 \text{ m}$

- (a) Show that $\lambda = 15$ (3)

The particle is now projected along the floor towards B

At time t seconds, P is a displacement x metres from O in the direction OB

- (b) Show that, while both strings are taut, P moves with simple harmonic motion where $\ddot{x} = -18x$ (4)

The initial speed of P is 10 m s^{-1}

- (c) Find the speed of P at the instant when the string PB becomes slack. (3)

Both strings are taut for T seconds during one complete oscillation.

- (d) Find the value of T (6)



Question 7 continued



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Question 7 continued

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Question 7 continued



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(Total for Question 7 is 16 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 75 MARKS

